

WOLF – SHEEP MODEL

- Go to https://www.netlogoweb.org
- Select "Wolf Sheep Predation"
- Note that you can check the "Model Info"
- Run the model to answer the following questions



TEAM BASED LEARNING

- A complex system consists of elements, and these elements have connectivity. Which of the following answers best describes the situation in the Wolf Sheep Predation model?
 - a. This model contains two elements, which in this case are agents and one connection when the wolf eat the sheep.
 - b. This model contains three elements, two agents and one environment and the connection between these elements are that the sheep eat the grass, the wolf eat the sheep.
 - **c.** The model contains many elements, many sheep and many wolf, the links between them are that some sheep are eaten by wolf.
 - d. This model contains many elements, many sheep and many wolf and many patches (cells) with different levels of grass development. The links between these elements is that grass is eaten by sheep and sheep are eaten by wolf.



TEAM BASED LEARNING

2. For the wolf-sheep model, which of the following statements about interactions is correct?

- a. The model contains positive feedback loops
- **b.** The model contains negative feedback loops
- c. The model does not contain any feedback loops



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3. Complex systems show non-linear behaviour. The wolf-sheep model represents a complex system because it has the following examples of non-linearity. Select all correct answers.

- a. The model has state transitions
- **b.** In this model, small changes can have large impacts
- c. The model is scale-less (fractal)
- d. The model has tipping points
- e. All of the above

TEAM-BASED LEARNING

4. The wolf-sheep example shows emergence. What emerges?

- Patterns
- Structures
- Behavior